THE EVOLUTION OF THE PROCESS OF DOMESTICATION (DOMESTICATION) OF THE BOTAISKY HORSE AND ITS PLACE IN THE PHYLOGENY OF THE GENUS EQUUS CABALLUS

L.N. Gumilyov Eurasian National University, Astana, Kazakhstan

The creative ties of Kazakh scientists with Russian and foreign colleagues from other countries allowed us to use innovative methods in the study of the Eneolithic of Kazakhstan and to expand our information about the nature and richness of the cultural layer of the unique Botai settlement with the specific remnants of human activity and the animal world.

Indeed, already during the Eneolithic or Copper-Stone Age (4th century BC), a planetary-scale event took place for the first time in Northern Kazakhstan - a man tamed (domesticated) a wild horse. This phenomenon is reliably confirmed by informative materials in the finds of the Botai culture. It was the domesticated horse that played the main role in the evolution of civilized processes throughout Eurasia.

Keywords: the domestikation, domestication, the Bataysk culture, horse breeding, artifacts, eneolit, archeology, fragments has fished.